State of the County Health Report (SOTCH)

Gaston County Board of Commissioners
August 14, 2018
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HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES



What is a SOTCH?

 Completed on years there is no Community Health Assessment

Update on health and social issues

Used to recognize trends and health

Cleveland

disparities

 Highlights social factors that impact health outcomes

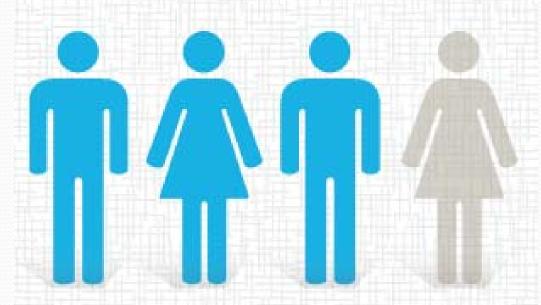
Gaston County and North Carolina Quick Facts, 2012-2016

		Gaston	NC	
POPULATION	1	216,965	10,273,419	1
INFANT MORTALITY		7.8	7.2	
MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME	1	\$44,288	\$48,256	1
PERCENT BELOW POVERTY	V	17.2%	15.4%	V
HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR HIGHER	1	83.2%	86.3%	1

Mental Health

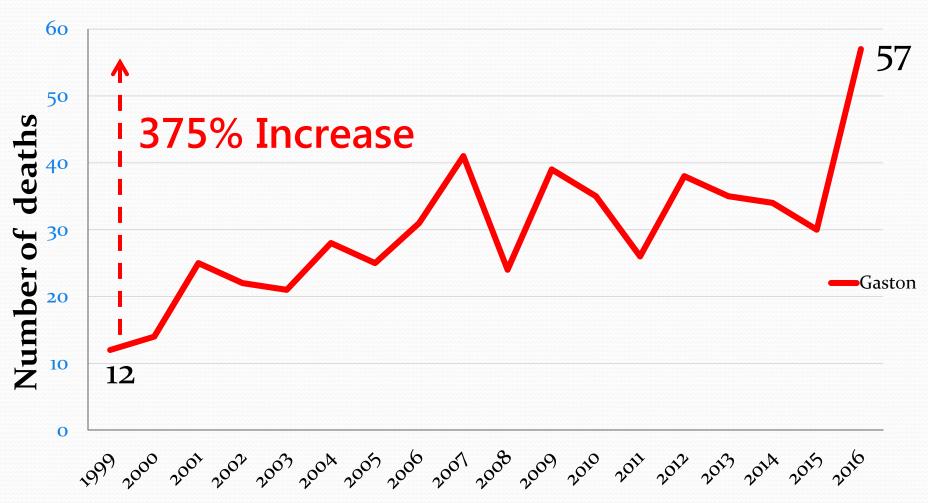
In 2016, the suicide rate per 100,000 was
 17.5 in Gaston compared to 13.5 in NC

 The number of residents served in area mental health increased by 34% from 2010-2016 **Poisoning Deaths**

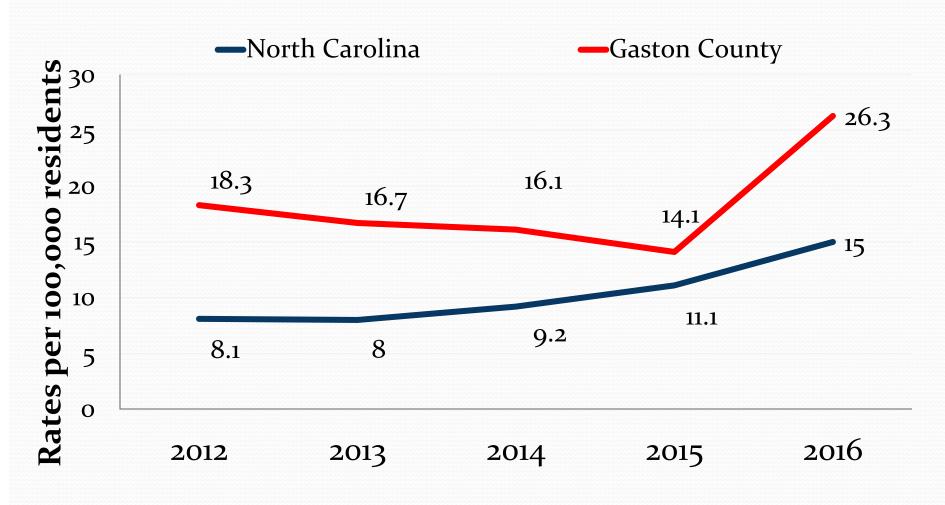


Three out of four poisoning deaths were opiate related in Gaston County from 2011-2016.

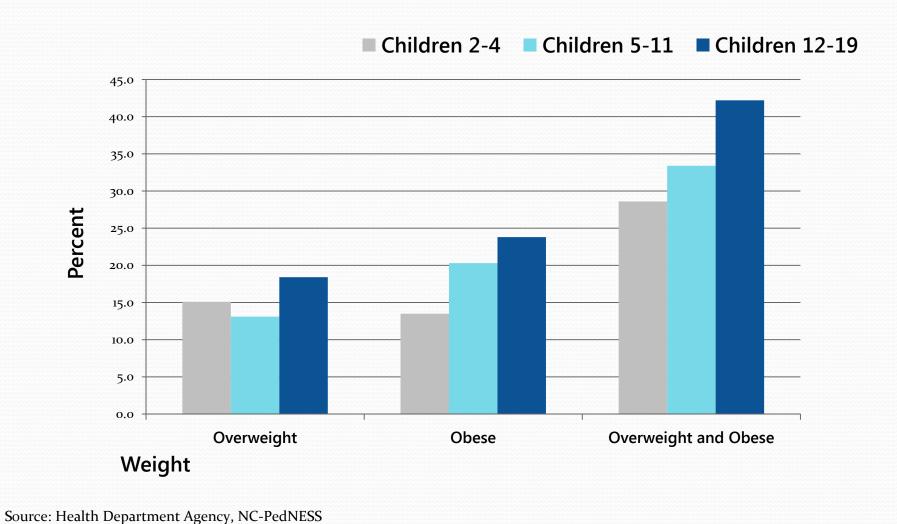
Opiate Poisoning Deaths



Rates of Opiate Poisoning Death



Childhood Obesity



Childhood Obesity



Children become more overweight or obese in their teenage years



Fewer high school children ate fruit and vegetables and didn't drink soda



Less than 10% of middle school children walk or ride bike to school

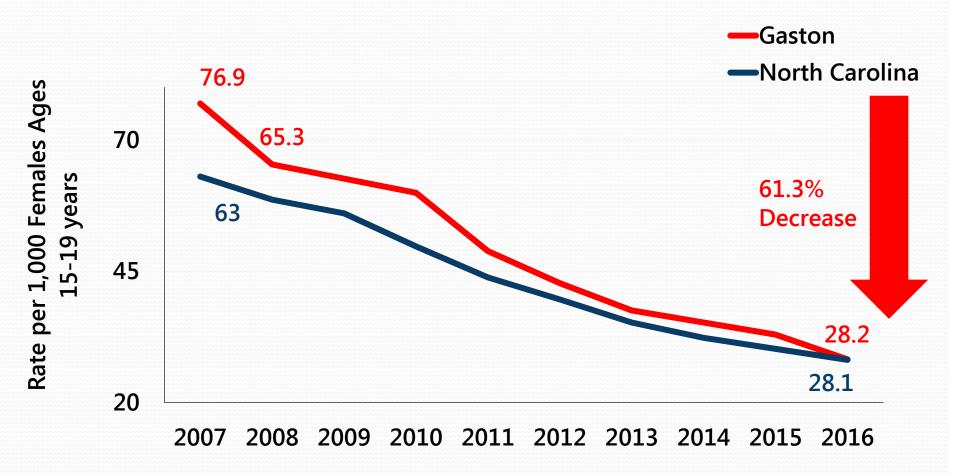


Less than 50% of both middle school and high school students ate breakfast



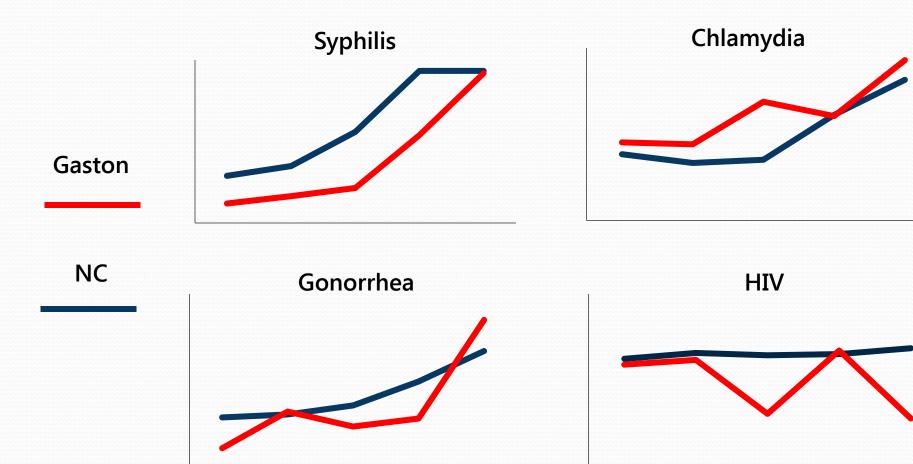
81% of middle school students ate dinner with their families compared to 55% of high school students

Teen Pregnancy, NC and Gaston County, 2006 - 2016

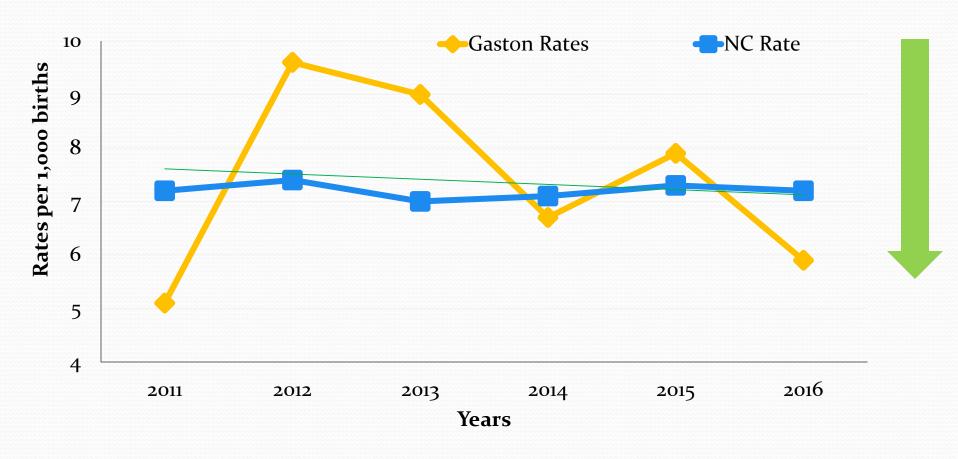


Source: N.C. Center for Health Statistics

STD Trends 2012 - 2016



Infant Mortality, Gaston County and North Carolina, 2011 - 2016



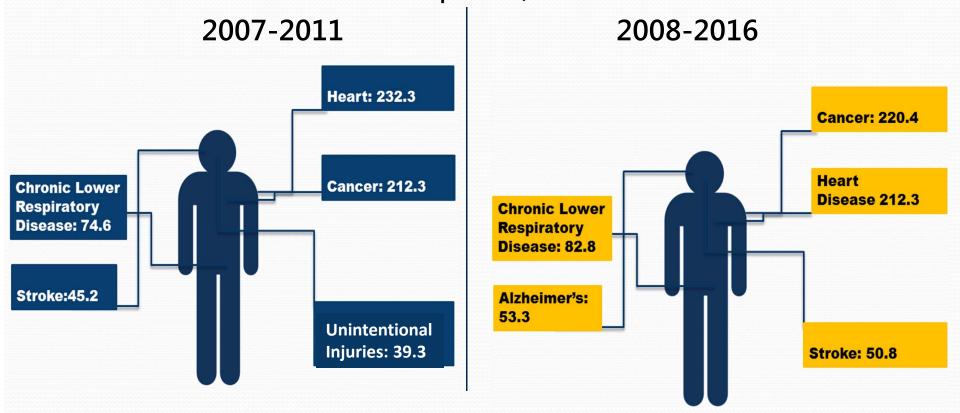
38.5% decrease in infant mortality since 2012

Racial Disparities in Infant Deaths



Rates for Leading Causes of Death

Rates per 100,000



Tobacco use contributes greatly to the top 4 causes of death

Data Source: N.C Center for Health Statistics

Projected Population for Gaston, 2016 - 2036



There will be a 33% increase in population for residents 65 and over in the coming years.



Address Health Disparities



Local Tobacco
Policies



Integration of Mental Health





Reduce Stigma
Surrounding Addiction



Community Support of Aging Population

Questions?

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